



## PST on Vehicles

### Provincial Sales Tax Act

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Latest Revision: *This bulletin has been completely rewritten and replaces the previous version dated June 2013.*

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This bulletin provides information on how the provincial sales tax (PST) applies to vehicles purchased in BC, vehicles acquired outside BC that are brought into BC, and vehicles acquired as a gift. For information on sales and leases of vehicles by motor vehicle dealers and leasing companies, please see [Bulletin PST 116](#), *Motor Vehicle Dealers and Leasing Companies*.

This bulletin does not provide information on how tax applies to multijurisdictional vehicles registered under the International Registration Plan (IRP). For more information on multijurisdictional vehicles, please see [Bulletin PST 135](#), *Multijurisdictional Vehicles*.

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### Overview

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#### PST on Vehicles

You are required to pay PST on vehicles you purchase, lease or receive as a gift in BC, and vehicles you purchase, lease or receive as a gift outside BC and bring into the province, unless a specific exemption applies. You are required to pay PST, regardless of whether the vehicle is for personal or business use, even if you are registered for PST. The rate of PST that you are required to pay is 7% to 10%, or 12%, depending on the type of vehicle and how it is acquired.

## Definitions

In this bulletin:

- a **BC resident** is a person who resides, ordinarily resides or carries on business in BC, or a person who enters BC with the intention of residing or carrying on business in BC
- the **fair market value** of a vehicle is generally the retail price that the vehicle would normally sell for in the open market
- a **private sale** is a sale in Canada where the seller is not a GST registrant, or the seller is a GST registrant but the sale is not a taxable supply under the *Excise Tax Act* (Canada)
- a **passenger vehicle** is a motor vehicle designed primarily as a means of transport for individuals, including trucks and vans that are  $\frac{3}{4}$ -ton or less. Trucks and vans that are larger than  $\frac{3}{4}$ -ton, camperized vans, motor homes, buses, ambulances, hearses and motorcycles with engines of 250 cc or less are not passenger vehicles. For more information on what is a passenger vehicle, please see [Bulletin PST 116](#), *Motor Vehicle Dealers and Leasing Companies*.

## Vehicles Purchased in BC

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### Vehicles Purchased at a Private Sale

If you purchase a vehicle at a private sale in BC, you are required to pay PST at the rate of 12% on the purchase price of the vehicle, unless a specific exemption applies (see the section below, Exemptions).

**Please note:** For the purposes of calculating the PST, if the seller accepts goods as a trade-in as part of the consideration, the value of the trade-in may reduce the purchase price of the vehicle. For more information on trade-ins, see the section below, Trade-ins.

For information on how to pay the PST due on private sales of vehicles, see the section below, Paying the PST.

### Vehicles Purchased from GST Registrants

If you purchase a vehicle from a GST registrant (e.g. a motor vehicle dealer) in BC, please see [Bulletin PST 116](#), *Motor Vehicle Dealers and Leasing Companies*.

## Leased Vehicles

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If you lease a vehicle in BC, or you lease a motor vehicle outside of BC for a period of longer than 28 days and register that vehicle for use in BC, please see [Bulletin PST 116](#), *Motor Vehicle Dealers and Leasing Companies*.

## Vehicles Acquired Outside of BC and Brought Into BC

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If you are a BC resident and purchase a vehicle outside of BC and then bring, send or receive delivery of the vehicle in BC, you are required to pay PST on the vehicle, unless a specific exemption applies.

If you received a vehicle as a gift, see the section below, Vehicles Received as a Gift.

## Non-Residents

### Registered Vehicles

If you are not a BC resident and you bring or send a vehicle into BC or receive delivery of a vehicle in BC, you must pay PST if you register the vehicle in BC for use in BC, unless a specific exemption applies.

### Vehicles That are Not Registered

If you do not register the vehicle, you may still be required to pay PST if you are a non-resident individual who:

- owns real property in BC, or
- leases (as lessee) real property in BC if the term of the lease, including the cumulative total of all options and rights to extend or renew that lease, is at least five years.

In this case, you must pay PST on vehicles (other than travel trailers) you bring or send into BC, or receive delivery of in BC, even if you do not register the vehicle in BC.

This requirement only applies if the vehicles are to be used **primarily** in BC and primarily for your own use, or for the use of another person at your expense, during the year following the entry of the vehicle.

You must self-assess the PST due at the earliest of the following:

- the time you register the vehicle with ICBC (in which case ICBC will collect the PST at the time of registration),
- if you have a PST number, on your next PST return, and
- if you do not have a PST number, on or before the last day of the month following the month in which you brought, sent or received the vehicle in BC by using a *Casual Remittance Return* form ([FIN 405](#)).

## PST Rates

### Private Sales

If the vehicle was acquired at a private sale outside BC but within Canada, you are required to pay PST at the rate of 12% on the depreciated purchase price of the vehicle (see below).

### Vehicles from GST Registrants, or Brought in from Outside Canada

#### *Passenger Vehicles*

If the vehicle is a passenger vehicle and was acquired at a sale that is a taxable supply from a GST registrant (e.g. motor vehicle dealer) outside BC but within Canada, or you bring a passenger vehicle into BC from outside Canada, you are required to pay PST on the depreciated purchase price of the vehicle.

The tax rate on which you pay the PST depends on your purchase price of the vehicle, as follows:

Purchase Price	Passenger Vehicle Tax Rate
Less than \$55,000	7%
\$55,000—\$55,999.99	8%
\$56,000—\$56,999.99	9%
\$57,000 and over	10%

For example, if you purchased a vehicle from a GST registrant in Alberta for \$60,000, and, at the time you brought the vehicle into BC, the depreciated purchase price of the vehicle was \$40,000 (as calculated below), you are required to pay 10% PST on \$40,000.

**Please note:** In certain circumstances, for modified business vehicles and modified motor vehicles, the determination of which rate applies is based on the purchase price of the vehicle less the portion of that purchase price that can be reasonably attributed to certain modifications. For more information, please see [Bulletin PST 116, Motor Vehicle Dealers and Leasing Companies](#).

#### *Non-passenger Vehicles*

If the vehicle is not a passenger vehicle and was acquired at a sale that is a taxable supply from a GST registrant (e.g. motor vehicle dealer) outside of BC but within Canada, or you bring a vehicle that is not a passenger vehicle into BC from outside Canada, you are required to pay PST at the rate of 7% on the depreciated purchase price of the vehicle.

### **Depreciated Purchase Price**

The **depreciated purchase price** of a vehicle is the greater of:

- the depreciated value (as calculated below), and
- 50% of the purchase price.

The **depreciated value** is determined as follows:

$$\text{Depreciated value} = \text{Purchase price} - [\text{purchase price} \times \text{depreciation rate}]$$

The depreciation rate for a vehicle is the total of the following:

- 30% for each full year (12 consecutive months; **not** calendar year) since you purchased the vehicle, plus
- 2.5% per 30-day period in a partial year (note: periods of less than 30 days must be computed to the nearest 30-day period; i.e. 15 days or more is counted as one 30-day period and periods of less than 15 days are not counted).

For example, if you purchased a vehicle at a private sale in Alberta on May 12, 2013, and brought it into BC for business use on June 30, 2014, the depreciation rate would be 35%, calculated as follows:

- 30% for the full year running from May 12, 2013 to May 11, 2014, plus
- (2.5% x 2 = 5%) for the 30-day period running from May 12, 2014 to June 10, 2014 and the 20-day period running from June 11, 2014 to June 30, 2014.

## Vehicles Received as a Gift

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If you receive a vehicle as a gift in BC, or you receive a vehicle as a gift from outside BC and bring or send the vehicle into the province, you are required to pay PST on the fair market value of the vehicle, unless a specific exemption applies.

You are required to pay PST at the rate of 12% unless the gift is received from a GST registrant in Canada, as a taxable supply, or as an exempt supply from a charity, or the gift is received from outside Canada.

In these cases, the rate depends on the fair market value and the type of vehicle.

### Passenger Vehicles

If a passenger vehicle is received as a gift from a GST registrant in the circumstances described above or from outside Canada, the PST rate will depend on the fair market value of the vehicle at the time you receive the vehicle in BC, or at the time the vehicle is brought or sent into BC, as follows:

Fair Market Value	Passenger Vehicles
Less than \$55,000	7%
\$55,000—\$55,999.99	8%
\$56,000—\$56,999.99	9%
\$57,000 and over	10%

### Non-Passenger Vehicles

If a vehicle that is not a passenger vehicle is received as a gift from a GST registrant in the circumstances described above or from outside Canada, you are required to pay PST at the rate of 7% of the fair market value at the time you receive the vehicle in BC, or at the time the vehicle is brought or sent into BC.

### Gifts Received or Brought Into BC Between July 1, 2010 and April 1, 2013

If you received a vehicle as a gift:

- in BC on or after July 1, 2010 and before April 1, 2013, or
- outside BC and the vehicle was brought or sent into BC on or after July 1, 2010 and before April 1, 2013,

but did not register that vehicle until on or after May 1, 2013, you are required to pay PST at the time you register the vehicle, unless a specific exemption applies.

This requirement applies unless you received the gift from a GST registrant (e.g. motor vehicle dealer) as a taxable supply, or imported the vehicle from outside Canada.

The rate of PST is 12% of the fair market value of the vehicle at the time the gift was received.

## Trade-ins

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If you purchase a vehicle from a GST registrant (e.g. a motor vehicle dealer) in BC and the seller accepts goods as a trade-in as part of the consideration, please see [Bulletin PST 116, Motor Vehicle Dealers and Leasing Companies](#).

### Purchases in BC

If you purchase a vehicle in BC and the seller accepts goods as a trade-in as part of the consideration, for the purposes of calculating the PST, the value of the trade-in may reduce the taxable purchase price of the vehicle. The reduction applies as long as you paid (or were exempt from) one of the following applicable taxes on the goods traded in:

- PST (under the *Provincial Sales Tax Act*)
- Tax on designated property
- BC portion of the HST
- PST (under the *Social Service Tax Act*)

**Please note:** If the good traded in is a vehicle currently registered in BC, you may assume that an applicable tax has been paid on the vehicle. For other goods, the Insurance Corporation of British Columbia (ICBC) and the ministry will require proof that an applicable tax has been paid, such as an invoice or bill of sale.

For example, a person offers to sell you a vehicle at a private sale for \$10,000 (the fair market value of the vehicle). The seller agrees to accept your old vehicle as a trade-in for \$6,000 as partial consideration, along with \$4,000 in cash. Your trade-in vehicle is currently registered in BC. The PST payable is \$480 ( $\$10,000 - \$6,000 = \$4,000$  taxable purchase price x 12%).

### Purchases Outside BC

If you purchase a vehicle outside BC but within Canada, the trade-in reduction described in the above section **only** applies if the item traded in is a motor vehicle. The vehicle traded in must have had an applicable tax paid on it or been exempt from an applicable tax, as explained above.

### Leases

For the purposes of calculating the PST, a trade-in does not reduce the PST payable on the lease price of a leased vehicle. For more information, please see [Bulletin PST 116, Motor Vehicle Dealers and Leasing Companies](#).

## Paying the PST

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If you acquire a vehicle from a person who is registered to collect PST, the person is required to charge any PST payable on the vehicle.

In all other cases, or if the seller does not charge the PST as required, you must pay the PST as set out below.

### Purchases and Gifts in BC

You are required to pay PST at the earliest of the following:

- the time you register the vehicle with ICBC (in which case ICBC will collect the PST at the time of registration),

- if you have a PST number, on your next PST return, and
- if you do not have a PST number, on or before the last day of the month following the month in which you purchased or received the vehicle by using a *Casual Remittance Return* form ([FIN 405](#)).

## **Vehicles Brought, Sent or Received in BC**

If you are required to pay PST on a vehicle brought, sent or delivered into BC, you are required to pay PST at the earliest of the following:

- the time you register the vehicle with ICBC (in which case ICBC will collect the PST at the time of registration),
- if you have a PST number, on your next PST return, and
- if you do not have a PST number, on or before the last day of the month following the month in which you brought, sent or received the vehicle in BC by using a *Casual Remittance Return* form ([FIN 405](#)).

## **Documentation and Payment of PST**

If you pay PST to the ministry before registration, when you register the vehicle you will need to provide evidence that the PST was paid. Otherwise, ICBC is required to collect the PST from you.

At the time of registration, you will be required to document the purchase price that you paid for the vehicle (or the fair market value of the vehicle in the case of leases and gifts) on the vehicle transfer form. The purchase price is the total consideration accepted by the seller for the vehicle.

The ministry regularly reviews information on the transfer of vehicles to determine that PST was paid correctly. If the ministry is of the opinion that the documented purchase price or the documented fair market value of a vehicle does not accurately reflect the fair market value of the vehicle, the ministry may contact you and/or the seller to request information to support the documented purchase price or value. If you are unable to support the purchase price or fair market value claimed, you may be assessed for additional PST on the vehicle.

## **Exemptions**

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If you are claiming an exemption, you may be required to provide information and/or documentation to support your claim. If you do not provide the required information and/or documentation, ICBC is required to collect the PST from you. Specific information required to prove the exemption is identified in each of the sections below.

If you are unable to provide documentation to show that the PST was paid or that you are entitled to an exemption, you may be eligible to apply to the ministry for a refund of the PST, if you provide the documentation to the ministry.

## **New Residents**

if you are a new resident to BC and you bring a vehicle into BC on or after February 19, 2014 solely for non-business use, the vehicle is exempt from PST if:

- the vehicle arrives in BC within one year of you becoming a resident of the province, and
- you owned the vehicle for at least 30 days before you became a resident of BC.

**Please Note:** Different rules apply if the vehicle was brought into BC before February 19, 2014. For more information, please contact us.

### **Documentation**

To claim the exemption, you must provide your previous registration from another jurisdiction or bill of sale to show you owned the vehicle for at least 30 days. You may be asked to provide documentation proving the date you became a resident of BC (e.g. BC medical services plan enrollment).

For more information on the exemption for goods brought, sent or received in BC by new residents, please see [Bulletin PST 306](#), *Goods Brought Into BC by New Residents*.

### **Gifts to Related Individuals**

If you receive a vehicle as a gift, you are exempt from paying PST on the vehicle if the person who gave you the vehicle (the donor) is a related individual to you and:

1. paid one of the following taxes on the purchase of the vehicle:
  - PST (under the *Provincial Sales Tax Act*),
  - tax on designated property (TDP) (under the *Consumption Tax Rebate and Transition Act*),
  - a provincial portion of the Harmonized Sales Tax (HST),
  - PST (under the *Social Service Tax Act*), or
  - sales tax of another province,
2. was exempt from PST (under the *Provincial Sales Tax Act*), TDP (under the *Consumption Tax Rebate and Transition Act*) or PST (under the *Social Service Tax Act*) that would have otherwise been payable, or
3. received the vehicle as a gift in BC prior to April 1, 2013.

**Please note:** Under the *Provincial Sales Tax Act*, only one gift of a specific vehicle between related individuals is eligible for exemption in a 12-month period. Any future gifts of that vehicle within 12 months will be subject to PST. The only exception is if a gift vehicle is gifted back from the recipient to the original donor.

A related individual is:

- a person's spouse, child, grandchild, great grandchild, parent, grandparent, great grandparent, or sibling,
- the spouse of a person's child, grandchild or great grandchild, or
- the child, parent, grandparent or great grandparent of a person's spouse.

### **Documentation**

To claim the exemption, you and the donor of the vehicle must complete the *Gift of a Vehicle* form ([FIN 319](#)) and, in the case of vehicles brought into BC from outside the province, provide proof of payment of the applicable tax. If the donor was exempt from the applicable tax, they will be required to provide specific information on the gift form.



## Gifts to Registered Charities

If you are a registered charity and you have received a vehicle as a gift, you are exempt from paying PST on the vehicle if the person who gave you the vehicle (the donor):

1. paid one of the following taxes on the vehicle:
  - PST (under the *Provincial Sales Tax Act*),
  - tax on designated property (TDP) (under the *Consumption Tax Rebate and Transition Act*),
  - a provincial portion of the HST,
  - PST (under the *Social Service Tax Act*), or
  - sales tax of another province, or
2. was exempt from PST (under the *Provincial Sales Tax Act*), TDP (under the *Consumption Tax Rebate and Transition Act*) or PST (under the *Social Service Tax Act*) that would have otherwise been payable, or
3. received the vehicle as a gift in BC prior to April 1, 2013.

A registered charity has the same meaning as under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

## Documentation

To claim the exemption, you must provide evidence the donor owns the vehicle (such as a copy of the current registration), evidence the donor paid an applicable tax on the vehicle, a completed *Transfer/Tax* form (APV9T) available from ICBC and signed by both parties, and a *Gift of a Vehicle* form ([FIN 319](#)) completed by both parties. The Ministry of Finance must approve this documentation before your ICBC Autoplan broker can process the exemption. Your ICBC Autoplan broker can facilitate this for you. If the donor was exempt from the applicable tax, they will be required to provide specific information on the *Gift of a Vehicle* form.

## Prizes, Draws and Awards

You are exempt from paying PST on a vehicle if you won the vehicle in a lottery contest, game of chance or skill or a draw, or you received the vehicle as an award for an achievement in a field of endeavor, including an athletic or sporting event, and the person who provided the vehicle:

1. paid one of the following taxes on the vehicle:
  - PST (under the *Provincial Sales Tax Act*),
  - tax on designated property (TDP) (under the *Consumption Tax Rebate and Transition Act*),
  - a provincial portion of the HST,
  - PST (under the *Social Service Tax Act*), or
  - sales tax of another province, or
2. was exempt from PST (under the *Provincial Sales Tax Act*), TDP (under the *Consumption Tax Rebate and Transition Act*) or PST (under the *Social Service Tax Act*) that would have otherwise been payable, or
3. received the vehicle as a gift in BC prior to April 1, 2013.

**Please note:** The lottery must be a lawful lottery within the meaning of section 207 of the *Criminal Code*, such as a BC Lottery Corporation lottery. In addition, the only consideration that can be provided by the winner to be entered into the draw is an entrance or admission fee,

ticket fee or similar charge. The exemption also does not apply if the person received the vehicle as a result of a private arrangement, including a wager, between 2 or more persons.

### **Documentation**

To claim the exemption, you must provide a letter from the sponsor of the draw, lottery or award indicating that you are the winner and the prize won, the current registration for the vehicle, and evidence the provider of the vehicle paid, or was exempt from, an applicable tax or received the vehicle as a gift prior to April 1, 2013. The Ministry of Finance must approve this documentation before your ICBC Autoplan broker can process the exemption. Your ICBC Autoplan broker can facilitate this for you.

### **Inheritance**

If you receive a vehicle as part of the distribution of a deceased's estate, the vehicle is exempt from PST.

### **Documentation**

Generally, to claim this exemption, you are required to provide a copy of the death certificate and will.

### **Transfers Due to Dissolution of Marriage**

You are exempt from paying PST on a vehicle if:

- the vehicle is transferred to you from your spouse, or your former spouse, because of the dissolution of marriage or marriage-like relationship, and
- the transfer is done under a written separation agreement, a marriage agreement, a court order or an agreement under Part 5 or 6 of the *Family Law Act*.

Generally, if the second condition has not been met, PST is due on 50% of the fair market value of the vehicle.

### **Documentation**

To claim this exemption, you must provide a copy of the separation agreement, marriage agreement, court order or agreement under Part 5 or 6 of the *Family Law Act*.

### **Transfers Between Related Corporations**

If a corporation transfers a vehicle to a related corporation, the corporation may qualify for an exemption from PST if certain conditions are met. If you are claiming this exemption, your claim requires approval by the Ministry of Finance. You must provide documentation to support your claim, either directly to the ministry or through your ICBC Autoplan broker.

For more information, please see [Bulletin PST 210](#), *Related Party Asset Transfers*.

### **Transfers to New Corporations**

If a corporation acquires a vehicle on or before the day the corporation starts to carry on business, the corporation may qualify for an exemption from PST on the acquisition if certain conditions are met. If you are claiming this exemption, your claim requires approval by the Ministry of Finance. You must provide documentation to support your claim, either directly to the ministry or through your ICBC Autoplan broker.

For more information, please see [Bulletin PST 210](#), *Related Party Asset Transfers*.

## Vehicles Purchased for Use Outside BC

If you purchase a vehicle in BC for use outside BC, you are exempt from PST provided that all the following criteria are met:

- the vehicle is a type that is eligible for registration under the vehicle registration legislation as defined in the *Provincial Sales Tax Act* (i.e. it is not a vehicle that cannot be registered),
- the vehicle is purchased for use primarily outside BC,
- the vehicle will not be used in BC for a business purpose,
- the vehicle will not be registered in BC, and
- if you are purchasing the vehicle as an individual, you are not a resident of BC.

You are also exempt from PST on the purchase of a vehicle if the vehicle is shipped by the seller for delivery to an address outside of BC. To be eligible for the exemption, no use must be made of the vehicle by the purchaser while the vehicle is in BC.

## Other Exemptions

Other exemptions may also apply to a vehicle when acquired by a specific person in specific situations, including vehicles acquired by:

- members of the diplomatic or consular corps (for more information, please see [Bulletin CTB 007](#), *Exemption for Members of the Diplomatic and Consular Corps*),
- First Nations individuals or bands (for more information, please see [Bulletin PST 314](#), *Exemptions for First Nations*), and
- the federal government.

## Refunds

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In addition to general refunds applicable to all goods, the following PST refunds are available specifically for the following vehicles (additional criteria and documentation requirements apply):

- vehicles returned to sellers that are not collectors within 30 days
- vehicles resold within seven days
- vehicles removed from BC
- vehicles where the required information to obtain an exemption was not provided at the time of registration
- vehicles returned to collectors within one year (collectors are required to provide this refund to you directly)
- vehicles returned to manufacturers

To apply for a refund on a motor vehicle, complete an *Application for Refund of Provincial Sales Tax (PST) Paid on a Motor Vehicle* ([FIN 355/MV](#)) and provide the supporting documentation listed in the instructions to the application. The ministry must receive your refund claim within four years of the date that you paid the PST. For example, if you paid PST on August 12, 2013, the ministry must receive your refund claim by August 11, 2017.

For more information, please see [Bulletin PST 400](#), *PST Refunds*.



## Need more info?

Online: [gov.bc.ca/PST](http://gov.bc.ca/PST)

Toll free in Canada: 1 877 388-4440

Email: [CTBTaxQuestions@gov.bc.ca](mailto:CTBTaxQuestions@gov.bc.ca)

Access our forms, publications, legislation and regulations online at [gov.bc.ca/PST](http://gov.bc.ca/PST) (go to [Forms](#) or [Publications](#)).

Subscribe to our [What's New](#) page to receive email updates when new PST information is available.

The information in this bulletin is for your convenience and guidance and is not a replacement for the legislation.

References: *Provincial Sales Tax Act*, sections 1 “band”, “BC resident”, “fair market value”, “First Nation individual”, “modified business vehicle”, “modified motor vehicle”, “motor vehicle”, “multijurisdictional vehicle”, “original purchase price”, “passenger vehicle”, “registered charity”, “vehicle”, “vehicle registration legislation”, 5, 9, 10, 10.1, 12, 13, 24, 25, 28, 30, 31, 34, 36, 37, 49, 50, 100, 145, 149, 150, 153, 153.1, 154 and 192; *Provincial Sales Tax Exemption and Refund Regulation*, sections 1 18-24, 26, 50, 123-126, 149, 151 and 152; *Provincial Sales Tax Regulation*, sections 5, 10, 15, 32, 33 and 79.